

Framework for
Open and
Reproducible
Research Training



FORRT



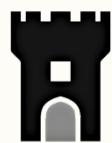
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**Talk for Open Research Week 2022 at
Northumbria University [Newcastle]**

Virtual | 30 Jun 2022

**Embedding open and reproducible science into teaching and mentoring
with the Framework for Open and Reproducible
Research Training (FORRT)**

with *Flavio Azevedo*



Introduction

The Problem

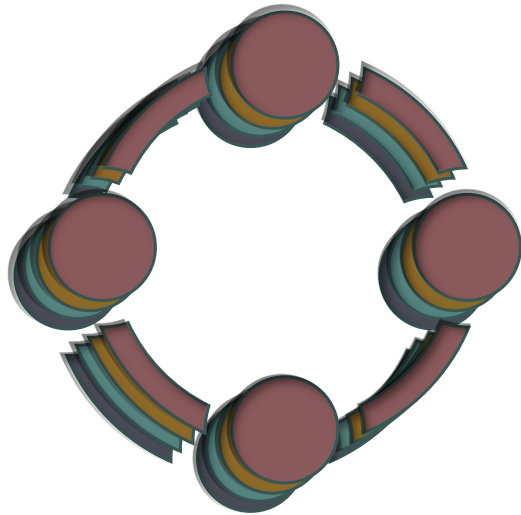
*The **teaching and mentoring** open scholarship practices
—but also, the **transmission** from researchers to researchers—
has **received** considerably **less attention**.*

*As a result, it is still very common that graduates and undergraduates
finish their studies without having heard about*

Open scholarship.

Also, there were few learning ‘out-of-the-box’ opportunities to scholars

Scientific Utopia



Open
Scientific
Communication

Crowdsourced
Science

Re-structured
Incentives

*Integrating
Open Scholarship
into Higher-ED*





What is FORRT?

- Established in mid 2018 by PhD students
- Composed mainly of early career scholars: +**450** scholars & educators
- Representing fields such as *Psychology, Neuroscience, Communication science, Linguistics, Economics, Medicine, Mathematics, Computer science, Philosophy, Political science*, etc.
- Volunteer-based organization.
- Over 100 visits a day across the world



What are FORRT goals?

1. Build together with educators a pathway towards the *incremental adoption of open scholarship practices into higher education*
2. Generate a conversation about the *ethics and social impact of a higher-education pedagogy* that emphasizes openness, epistemic uncertainty and research credibility
3. Promote a reflection about the *perceived importance of different academic activities* and *advocate for greater recognition of educational resources*



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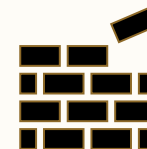
Open Educational Resources

What has FORRT accomplished?



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Open Educational Resources



- *Dynamic*
- *Easy to incorporate*
- *F*indability*A*ccessibility*I*nteroperability*R*eusability
- *Meta-science*
- *Team-science*
- *Citizen-science*



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FORRT's Clusters

- *Embedding open scholarship tenets into teaching requires that educators are familiar with the current literature.*
- *Drawing on the know-how of experts in Open Scholarship, FORRT has identified **clusters of knowledge** that are central in this literature.*
- *Presenting information in a systematized way can help educators to identify major themes, as well as topics they would like to further explore.*

<https://forrt.org/clusters/>



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FORRT Clusters

Cluster 1

*Reproducibility Crisis
&
Credibility Revolution*

History

Analyses

QRPs

Improvements

Ongoing debates

Ethics

<https://forrt.org/clusters>

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Clusters

Cluster 3: Reproducible analyses

Description

Attainment of the *how-to* basics of reproducible reports and analyses. It requires students to move towards transparent and scripted analysis practices. There are 6 sub-clusters which aim to further parse the learning and teaching process:

- Strengths of reproducible pipelines.
- Scripted analyses compared with GUI.
- Data wrangling.
- Programming reproducible data analyses.
- Open source and free software.
- Tools to check yourself and others.

Reproducible pipelines

Scripted Analyses

Data wrangling

Reproducible Analyses

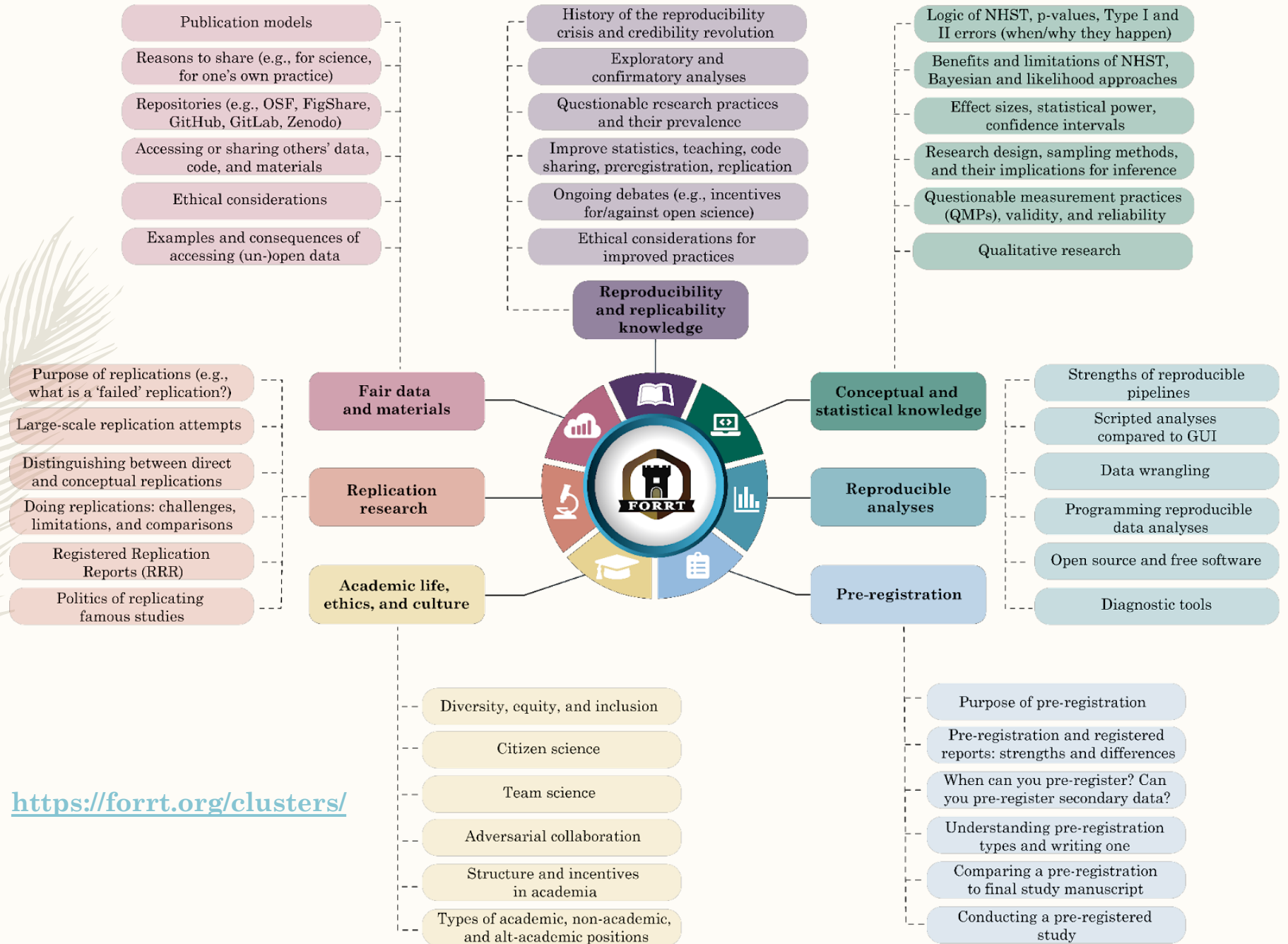
Open source

Tools

Strengths of reproducible pipelines.

Automating data analysis to make the process easier

- Gandrud, C. (2016). Reproducible research with R and R Sstudio. New York; CRC Press
- Wilson G, Bryan J, Cranston K, Kitzes J, Nederbragt L, et al. (2017) Good enough practices in scientific computing. PLOS Computational Biology 13(6): e1005510. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1005510>
- Reproducible Research in R Workshop Overview
- Monash's Data Fluency Reproducible Research in R (RRR)
- ProjectTier



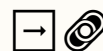


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FORRT's Glossary

- *Devised to be an **access point** for those wishing to learn about OS*
- *Aims to provide **concise definitions** of the most important OS terms and clarify terminologies*
- ***110 contributors** from the academic community have defined more than **250 open scholarship terms***
- *Each term is presented together with a brief definition and appropriate references. Whenever is the case, we also present potentially competing definitions for a term.*



<https://forrt.org/glossary/>

List of terms

Abstract Bias

Academic Impact

Accessibility

Ad hominem bias

Adversarial (collaborative) commentary

Adversarial collaboration

Affiliation bias

Aleatoric uncertainty

Altmetrics

AMNESIA

Analytic Flexibility

Anonymity

ARRIVE Guidelines

Article Processing Charge (APC)

CARKing

Last updated on Jul 14, 2021

Definition: Critiquing After the Results are Known (CARKing) refers to presenting a criticism of a design as one that you would have made in advance of the results being known. It usually forms a reaction or criticism to unwelcome or unfavourable results, results whether the critic is conscious of this fact or not.

Related terms: [HARKing](#), [Preregistration](#), [Registered Report](#)

References: Bardsley (2018), & Nosek and Lakens (2014)

Drafted and Reviewed by: Mahmoud Elsherif, Ali H. Al-Hoorie, Ashley Blake, Adrien Fillon, Charlotte R. Pennington

[Codebook](#)
[Collaborative Replication and Education Project \(CREP\)](#)
[Committee on Best Practices in Data Analysis and Sharing \(COBIDAS\)](#)
[Communality](#)
[Community Projects](#)
[Compendium](#)
[Computational reproducibility](#)
[Conceptual replication](#)
[Confirmation bias](#)
[Confirmatory analyses](#)
[Conflict of interest](#)
[Consortium authorship](#)
[Constraints on Generality \(COG\)](#)
[Construct validity](#)
[Content validity](#)
[Contribution](#)
[Corrigendum](#)
[Creative Commons \(CC\) license](#)
[Creative destruction approach to replication](#)
[Credibility revolution](#)

Cumulative science

Last updated on Jul 13, 2021

Definition: Goal of any empirical science, it is the pursuit of “the construction of a cumulative base of knowledge upon which the future of the science may be built” (Curran, 2009, p. 1). The idea that science will create more complete and accurate theories as a function of the amount of evidence and data that has been collected. Cumulative science develops in gradual and incremental steps, as opposed to one abrupt discovery. While revolutionary science occurs scarcely, cumulative science is the most common form of science.



Related term: Slow Science



References: Curran (2009), d’Espagnat (2008), Kuhn (1962), & Mischel (2008)



Drafted and Reviewed by: Beatrice Valentini, Sarah Ashcroft-Jones, Mahmoud Elsherif, Helena Hartmann, Oscar Lecuona, Wanyin Li, Sonia Rishi, Flávio Azevedo



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FORRT's Summaries

- ***Reduce the burden** on educators wishing to get familiar and stay up-to-date with the OS literature*
- *Over **200 summaries** of academic articles related to OS*
- *Main **take-aways** and **suggestions** of articles on similar topics*
- *Peer-review process*



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FORRT's Lesson Plans

- *Devised to **support** educators who wish to integrate OS into their teaching*
- *Draws on the expertise of the community of researchers and educators*
- ***9** evidence-based, high-quality **lesson plans** and almost **60 class activities** that can be incorporated into taught courses*
- *Each lesson plan was **categorized** based on theme, learning outcome, activity length and method of delivery*

<https://forrt.org/lesson-plans/>

Pownall et al. (2021). *Scholarship of Teaching and Learning in Psychology*.



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FORRT's Reversals & Replications

Replications of previous work are at the core of Open Scholarship



It can be challenging to keep up to date with replication efforts



***Collate** replication efforts and reversals across different fields*



*32 contributors from the academic community
~150 entries across 20 different fields*

<https://forrt.org/reversals/>

Social Psychology

No good evidence for many forms of priming, automatic behavior change from ‘related’ (often only metaphorically related) stimuli. Semantic priming is still solid, but the effect lasts only seconds.

- **Elderly priming.** Hearing about old age makes people walk slower. The p-curve alone argues against the first 20 years of studies.

Statistics

- Status: reversed
- Original paper: ‘Automaticity of social behavior’, Bargh (1996); 2 experiments with $n=30$. [citations = 5938(GS, October 2021)]
- Critiques: Doyen (2012) [$n=120$, citations=757(GS, October 2021)], Pashler et al. (2011) [$n=66$, citations=XX(GS, October 2021)]. Meta-analysis: Lakens (2017) [citations = 21(GS, October 2021)]
- Original effect size: $d=0.82$ to $d=1.08$
- Replication effect size: Doyen: $d= -0.07$. Pashler: $d= -0.22$

- **Distance priming.** Participants primed with distance compared to closeness produced greater enjoyment of media depicting embarrassment (Study 1), less emotional distress from violent media (Study 2), lower estimates of the number of calories in unhealthy food (Study 3), and weaker reports of emotional attachments to family members and hometowns (Study 4).

Statistics

- **Flag priming.** Participants primed by a flag are more likely to be more in conservative positions than those in the control condition.

Table of Contents

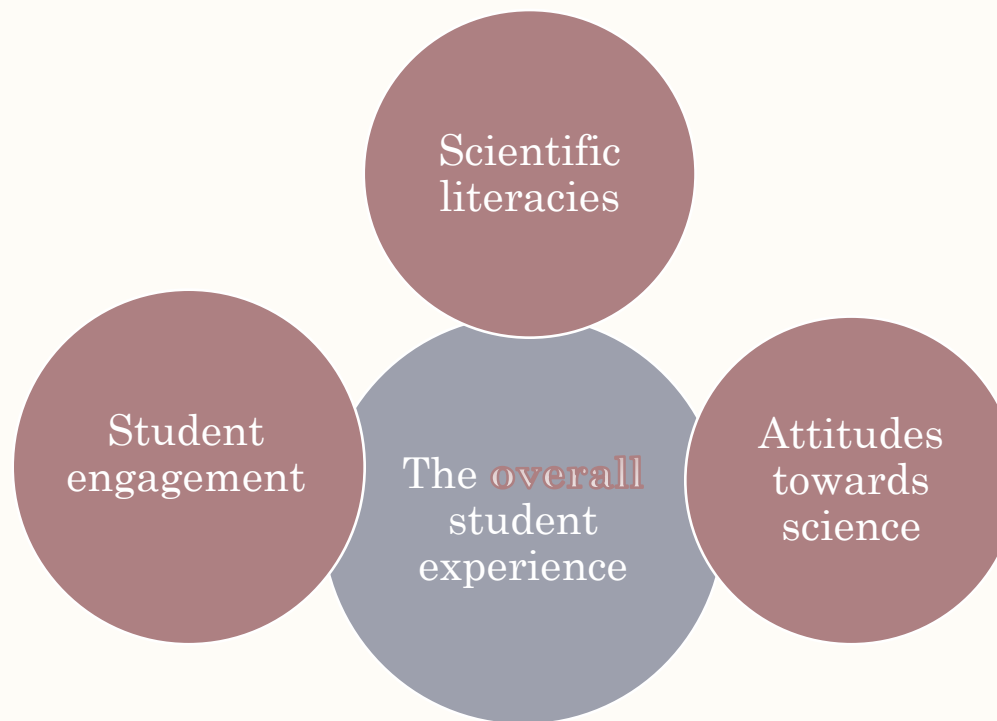
- [Social Psychology](#)
- Positive Psychology
- Cognitive Psychology
- Developmental Psychology
- Differential Psychology
- Judgment and Decision Making /
- Marketing
- Neuroscience
- Psychiatry / Mental Health
- Parapsychology
- Evolutionary Psychology
- Psychophysiology
- Behavioral Genetics
- Applied Linguistics
- Educational Psychology
- Health Psychology
- Political Psychology
- Comparative Psychology
- Evolutionary Linguistics
- Speech Language Therapy
- Further Literature



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Open Educational Resources

FORRT's Impact on students



forrt.org/impact
osf.io/th254



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Neurodiversity Project

- *Neurodiversity is the non-pathological variation in the human brain regarding sociability, learning, attention, mood and other mental functions (Singer, 2017).*
- *Team Aims to **raise awareness to diversity** in academia, **build community**, **empower under-represented scholars**, and **increase the visibility** of the work produced by neurodivergent scholars and educators.*

Position Statement

Bridging Neurodiversity and Open Scholarship:

How Shared Values Can Guide Best Practices for
Research Integrity, Social Justice, and Principled Education

Elsherif et al. 2022

osf.io/k7a9p



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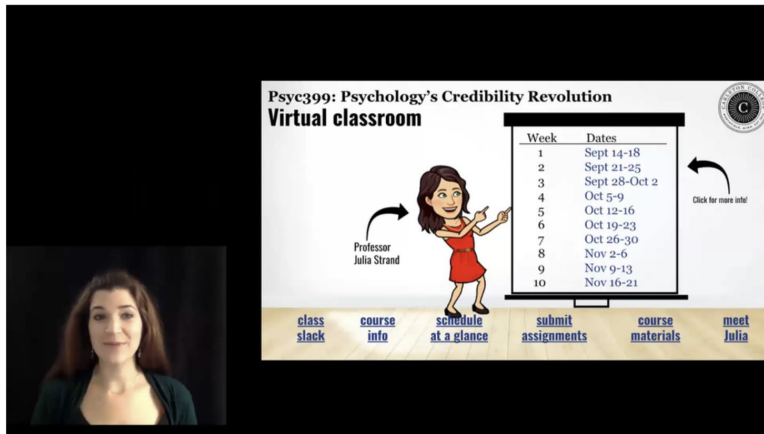
Open Educational Resources



Pedagogies

- Collection of exemplary instances of *principled education*
- Aims to:
 - ❖ Inspire other educators in the creation of their own pedagogies
 - ❖ Give visibility to educators and their educational method
 - ❖ Encourage the dissemination and re-purposefulness of educational resources

Julia Strand



Open and Reproducible Science walks into a classroom

Julia Strand shares her *know-how*, didactics, and teaching materials for her course on Psychology's Credibility Revolution.

Syllabus

Course Materials

Teaser Video

Course technicals

Interview (pdf)

<https://forrt.org/pedagogies/>



Curated resources

There are more than 700 resources submitted so far in our database. We are currently curating a new and improved version that is compliant with OER Commons for greater findability, accessibility, interoperability, and reusability (FAIR) of these resources.

If you notice there is an educational resource, research article or pedagogical tool missing in our database, please consider adding it [here on FORRT's resource submission form](#) or via [the direct link](#).

Enter keywords below to find relevant resources for you or use the filters below:

No items found.

[All](#)[Reproducible Analyses](#)[Open Data and Materials](#)[Reproducibility and Replicability Knowledge](#)[Replication Research](#)[Conceptual and Statistical Knowledge](#)[Preregistration](#)

HAIL THE IMPOSSIBLE: P-VALUES, EVIDENCE, AND LIKELIHOOD.

Significance testing based on p-values is standard in psychological research and teaching. Typically, research articles and textbooks ...

Author(s): Johansson, T.

Type of resources: Primary Source, Reading, Paper

Primary user(s): Student

Subject area(s): Math & Statistics

Tag(s):

[Link to resource](#)

1,500 SCIENTISTS LIFT THE LID ON REPRODUCIBILITY

Survey sheds light on the 'crisis' rocking research.

Author(s): Monya Baker

Type of resources: Primary Source, Reading, Paper

Primary user(s): Student

Subject area(s): Applied Science, Social Science

Tag(s): Reproducibility Crisis and Credibility Revolution, Open Science

[Link to resource](#)

A 21 WORD SOLUTION.

One year after publishing "False-Positive Psychology," we propose a simple implementation of disclosure that requires but ...

Author(s): Simmons, Joseph P. and Nelson, Leif D. and Simonsohn, Uri, A

Type of resources: Primary Source, Reading, Paper

Primary user(s): Student

Subject area(s): Applied Science, Social Science

Tag(s): Reproducibility Crisis and Credibility Revolution, Open Science

[Link to resource](#)

<https://forrt.org/resources/>



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Open Educational Resources

FORRT's Syllabus

- *To provide educators with an example of how they can use FORRT's resources on their teaching*
- *Seminar series building on FORRT's clusters framework – 9 weeks of teaching*
- *Suggestions of core and additional readings, assignments and activities*

<https://forrt.org/syllabus/>



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Towards Social Justice in Academia

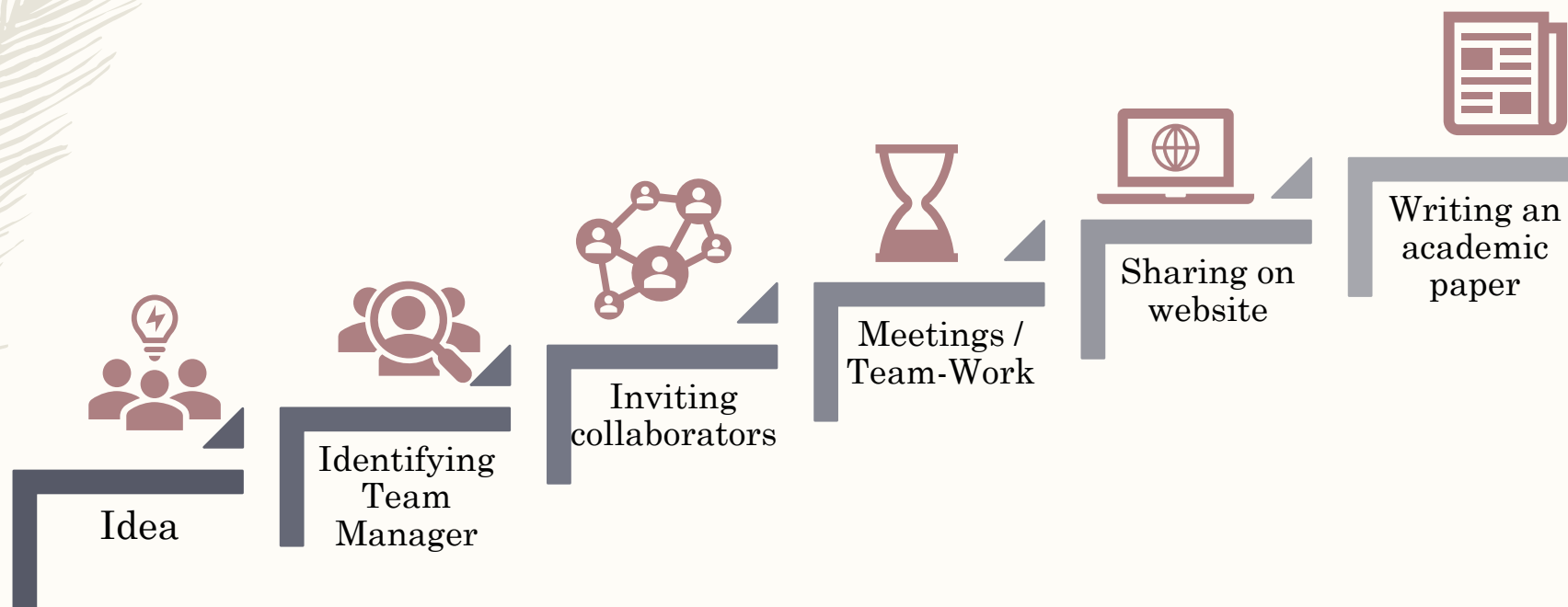
- *FORRT's Open Office Hours*
- *FORRT's Remote Mentorship Program*
- *FORRT's Support for Underrepresented and Underprivileged ECRs*

<https://forrt.org/dei/>



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From ideas to reality





Thank you!



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<https://forrt.org/publications>